

Safety Data Sheet according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012

Date of issue: 01/29/2016

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SECTION 1: Identification of the su	bstance/mixture and of the company/undertaking
1.1. Product identifier	
Product name	: Cobalt Base Alloys
Product code	: AH0902L (US)
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the sul	bstance or mixture and uses advised against
Use of the substance/mixture	: Ingots, Bar, Billet, Plate, Strip, Block, Electrode & Remelt Pig
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safet	y data sheet
Electralloy 175 Main Street Oil City, PA 16301 T 814-678-4100	
1.4. Emergency telephone number	
Emergency number	: 814-678-4200
SECTION 2: Hazards identification	
2.1. Classification of the substance or	mixture
This product, as sold, has little or no immediate products are considered mixtures since in solu etc. potentially hazardous airborne particulate appropriate PPE, as per PPE assessments for	e health or fire hazards. Under OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 Hazardous Communication Standard, steel tion, the two or more substances do not react. If product is welded, burned, sawed, brazed, ground, matter and fumes may be generated. Such activities should be performed in well-ventilated areas with tasks involved. The classification given below pertains to the product during processing:
GHS-US classification	
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral) Resp. Sens. 1 Skin Sens. 1 Carc. 2 STOT RE 1	
2.2. Label elements	
GHS-US labelling	
Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)	
Signal word (GHS-US)	: Danger
Hazard statements (GHS-US)	 Harmful if swallowed May cause an allergic skin reaction May cause an allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled Suspected of causing cancer Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
Precautionary statements (GHS-US)	 Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Wear respiratory protection. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If swallowed: Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If inhaled: If breathing is difficult, remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a poison center or doctor. Store locked up. Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.



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2.3 **Other hazards**

No additional information available.

Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US) 2.4.

Not applicable.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

Not applicable.

3.2. **Mixture**

Name	Product identifier	%
Cobalt	(CAS No) 7440-48-4	35 - 80
Iron (iron oxide)	(CAS No) 7439-89-6 (1309-37-1)	0 - 50
Chromium ¹	(CAS No) 7440-47-3	0 - 40
Nickel	(CAS No) 7440-02-0	0 - 30
Molybdenum	(CAS No) 7439-98-7	0 - 20
Tungsten	(CAS No) 7440-33-7	0 - 20
Copper	(CAS No) 7440-50-8	0 - 20
Vanadium	(CAS No) 7440-62-2	0 - 15
Manganese	(CAS No) 7439-96-5	0 - 10
Aluminum	(CAS No) 7429-90-5	0 - 5
Titanium	(CAS No) 7440-32-6	0 - 5
Silicon	(CAS No) 7440-21-3	0 - 5
Carbon	(CAS No) 7440-44-0	0 - 1
Sulfur	(CAS No) 7704-34-9	0-0.5
Phosphorus	(CAS No) 7723-14-0	0-0.5

The above listing is a summary of elements used in alloying cobalt. Various grades will contain different combinations of these elements. Products of combustion may include, and are not limited to: oxides of various alloying elements and toxic metallic fumes.

The metal may contain small amounts of other elements in addition to those above. These elements generally originate in small quantities in the raw material used. These elements may include, but are not limited to the following: Boron, Calcium, Tin and Zirconium.

¹ Welding, torch cutting, brazing, or grinding of chromium metal present in this product may generate airborne concentrations of hexavalent chromium.

SECTION 4: First aid measures		
4.1. Description of first aid measures		
First-aid measures after inhalation	:	If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a poison center or a doctor.
First-aid measures after skin contact	:	In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Call a physician if irritation develops and persists. Burns caused by molten material must be treated clinically. Do not use solvents or thinners.
First-aid measures after eye contact	:	In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses, if worn. If irritation persists, get medical attention.
First-aid measures after ingestion	:	If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth. Get medical advice/attention.
4.2. Most important symptoms and effe	ects,	both acute and delayed
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	:	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Dust and fumes may cause respiratory tract irritation. Inhalation of dusts and fumes can cause metal fume fever. Symptoms can include a metallic or sweet taste in the mouth, sweating, shivering, headache, throat irritation, fever, chills, thirstiness, muscle aches, nausea, vomiting, weakness, fatigue, and shortness of breath. Welding, torch cutting, brazing, or grinding of chromium metal present in this product may generate airborne concentrations of hexavalent chromium.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	:	May cause skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin. May cause sensitization by skin contact. Risk of thermal burns on contact with molten product.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	:	May cause eye irritation. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with possible redness and swelling.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	:	Harmful if swallowed. May cause stomach distress, nausea or vomiting.
Symptoms after chronic exposure	:	Excessive and repeated overexposure of nickel and chromium can cause various forms of dermatitis, inflammation and/or ulceration of upper respiratory tract. Both chromium and nickel have been associated with upper respiratory cancer. Excessive and repeated overexposure of iron fumes can cause siderosis. Excessive and prolonged inhalation of manganese fumes can cause bronchitis, pneumonitis, and lack of coordination.
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Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Symptoms may not appear immediately. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label or SDS where possible). **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures** 5.1. Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media : Treat for surrounding material. Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water on molten metal as explosion hazard could result. 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture Fire hazard : Products of combustion may include, and are not limited to: oxides of various alloying elements and toxic metallic fumes. Explosion hazard : May be flammable and explosive when in dust cloud, depending on the concentration of the powder in a given area and the particle size of the powder. Advice for firefighters 5.3. : Keep upwind of fire. Wear full fire fighting turn-out gear (full Bunker gear) and respiratory Protection during firefighting protection (SCBA). SECTION 6: Accidental release measures 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to General measures unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up 6.2 For containment : Contain spill, then place in a suitable container. Minimize dust generation. Do not flush to sewer or allow to enter waterways. Use appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE). Methods for cleaning up : Scoop up material and place in a disposal container. Provide ventilation. 6.3. **Reference to other sections** See section 8 for further information on protective clothing and equipment and section 13 for advice on waste disposal. SECTION 7: Handling and storage 7.1. Precautions for safe handling Precautions for safe handling : Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing dust, mist, gas, fume, vapors, spray. Do not swallow. Minimize generation of dust. Good housekeeping is important to prevent accumulation of dust. The use of compressed air for cleaning clothing, equipment, etc, is not recommended. Handle and open container with care. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Hygiene measures : Wash hands before eating, drinking, or smoking. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. 72 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities : Keep out of the reach of children. Keep container tightly closed, dry and in a well-ventilated place. Storage conditions 73 Specific end use(s) Not available. SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection 8.1. **Control parameters** Iron (7439-89-6) ORGANIZATION TYPE OF LIMIT THRESHOLD ACGIH Not applicable Not applicable OSHA Not applicable Not applicable NIOSH Not applicable Not applicable Iron Oxide (1309-37-1) ORGANIZATION TYPE OF LIMIT THRESHOLD ACGIH ACGIH TWA (mg/m³) 5 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter) OSHA OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m3) 10 mg/m³ (fume) 15 mg/m³ (total dust)

5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)





Iron Oxide (1309-37-1)		
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³ (dust and fume, as Fe)
	US IDLH (mg/m³)	2500 mg/m³ (dust and fume, as Fe)
Chromium (7440-47-3)		
ORGANIZATION	TYPE OF LIMIT	THRESHOLD
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	0.5 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	1 mg/m ³
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	0.5 mg/m³
	US IDLH (mg/m ³)	250 mg/m³
Nickel (7440-02-0)		
ORGANIZATION	TYPE OF LIMIT	THRESHOLD
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	1.5 mg/m ³ (inhalable particulate matter)
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	1 mg/m³
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	0.015 mg/m³
	US IDLH (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m³
Copper (7440-50-8)		
ORGANIZATION	TYPE OF LIMIT	THRESHOLD
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m³ (fume)
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	0.1 mg/m ³ (fume) 1 mg/m ³ (dust and mist)
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	1 mg/m ³ (dust and mist)
		0.1 mg/m³ (fume)
	US IDLH (mg/m ³)	100 mg/m ³ (dust, fume and mist)
Manganese (7439-96-5)		
ORGANIZATION	TYPE OF LIMIT	THRESHOLD
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	0.02 mg/m ³ (respirable particulate matter)
OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m³ (fume)
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m ³)	3 mg/m ³
	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	1 mg/m³ (fume)
	US IDLH (mg/m ³)	500 mg/m ³
Molvbdenum (7439-98-7	7)	
ORGANIZATION	TYPE OF LIMIT	THRESHOLD
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (inhalable particulate matter)
00114	Net any Packle	3 mg/m ³ (respirable particulate matter)
NIOSH	INOT APPIICABLE	Not applicable
		Sooo mgm
Aluminum (7429-90-5)		
ORGANIZATION		
AUGIH		1 mg/m ³ (respirable particulate matter)
USHA	USHA PEL (IWA) (mg/m³)	15 mg/m ³ (total dust) 5 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (total dust) 5 mg/m ³ (respirable dust)
Titanium (7440-32-6)		
ORGANIZATION	TYPE OF LIMIT	THRESHOLD





Titanium (7440-32-6)				
OSHA	Not applicable	Not applicable		
NIOSH	Not applicable	Not applicable		
Silicon (7440-21-3)	·	·		
ORGANIZATION	TYPE OF LIMIT	THRESHOLD		
ACGIH	Not applicable	Not applicable		
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	15 mg/m ³ (total dust) 5 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)		
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³ (total dust) 5 mg/m ³ (respirable dust)		
Vanadium (7440-62-2)				
ORGANIZATION	TYPE OF LIMIT	THRESHOLD		
ACGIH	Not applicable	Not applicable		
OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (mg/m ³)	0.5 mg/m ³ (respirable dust) 0.1 mg/m ³ (fume)		
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m ³)	3 mg/m ³		
	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	1 mg/m³		
Cobalt (7440-48-4)				
ORGANIZATION	TYPE OF LIMIT	THRESHOLD		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	0.02 mg/m³		
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)		
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	0.05 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)		
	US IDLH (mg/m³)	20 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)		
Carbon (7440-44-0)				
ORGANIZATION	TYPE OF LIMIT	THRESHOLD		
ACGIH	Not applicable	Not applicable		
OSHA	Not applicable	Not applicable		
NIOSH	Not applicable	Not applicable		
Tungsten (7440-33-7)				
ORGANIZATION	TYPE OF LIMIT	THRESHOLD		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	3 mg/m ³ (respirable particulate matter)		
OSHA	Not applicable	Not applicable		
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³		
	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m³		
Sulfur (7704-34-9)				
ORGANIZATION	TYPE OF LIMIT	THRESHOLD		
ACGIH	Not applicable	Not applicable		
OSHA	Not applicable	Not applicable		
NIOSH	Not applicable	Not applicable		
Phosphorus (7723-14-0) - Red				
ORGANIZATION	TYPE OF LIMIT	THRESHOLD		
ACGIH	Not applicable	Not applicable		
OSHA	Not applicable	Not applicable		



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Particulate not otherwise regulated			
ORGANIZATION	TYPE OF LIMIT	THRESHOLD	
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction) 3 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	15 mg/m³ (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)	
NIOSH	Not applicable	Not applicable	

8.2. **Exposure controls**

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use ventilation adequate to keep exposures (airborne levels of dust, fume, vapor, etc.) below recommended exposure limits.
Hand protection	: Wear chemically resistant protective gloves.
Eye protection	: Safety glasses or goggles are recommended when using product.
Skin and body protection	: Wear suitable protective clothing.
Respiratory protection	: When dust and fumes are present from processing, a NIOSH approved dust mask or filtering facepiece is recommended in poorly ventilated areas or when permissible exposure limits may be exceeded. Respirators should be selected by and used under the direction of a trained health and safety professional following requirements found in OSHA's respirator standard (29 CFR 1910.134) and ANSI's standard for respiratory protection (Z88.2).
Environmental exposure controls	: Maintain levels below Community environmental protection thresholds.
Other information	Do not eat, smoke or drink where material is handled, processed or stored. Wash hands carefully before eating or smoking. Handle according to established industrial hygiene and safety practices.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on pasic physical and (chemical properties
Physical state	: Solid
Appearance	: No data available
Colour	: Metallic
Odour	: Odorless
Odour threshold	: No data available
рН	: No data available
Melting point	: 1427-1538 °C (2600-2800 °F)
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: No data available
Flash point	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not flammable
Explosive limits	: No data available
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidising properties	: No data available
Vapour pressure	: No data available
Relative density	: 7.5-8.5
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	: No data available
Solubility	: Insoluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: No data available
Log Kow	: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available





9.2. Other information		
No additional information available.		
SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity		
10.1 Reactivity		
No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use		
10.2 Chemical stability		
Stable under normal storage conditions		
Stable under normal storage conditions.		
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions		
No dangerous reaction known under conditions of	normal use.	
10.4. Conditions to avoid		
Heat. Incompatible materials.		
10.5. Incompatible materials		
Strong acids. Oxidizers.		
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products		
May include, and are not limited to: oxides of vario	us alloying elements and toxic metallic fumes.	
SECTION 11: Toxicological information	on	
11.1 Information on toxicological effects		
	· Oral: Harmful if swallowed	
Cobalt Base Alloys		
ATE US (oral)	487 mg/kg	
Iron (7439-89-6)		
LD50 oral rat	30 g/kg	
ATE US (oral)	30000 mg/kg body weight	
Iron oxide (1309-37-1)		
LD50 oral rat	> 10000 mg/kg	
Nickel (7440-02-0)		
LD50 oral rat	> 9000 mg/kg	
LC50 inhalation rat	> 10.2 mg/l (Exposure time: 1 h)	
Copper (7440-50-8)		
ATE US (oral)	500 mg/kg body weight	
Manganese (7439-96-5)		
LD50 oral rat	9 g/kg	
ATE US (oral)	9000 mg/kg body weight	
Silicon (7440-21-3)		
LD50 oral rat	3160 mg/kg	
ATE US (oral)	3160 mg/kg body weight	
Vanadium (7440-62-2)		
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg	
Cobalt (7440-48-4)		
LC50 inhalation rat	> 10 mg/l (Exposure time: 1 h)	
Carbon (7440-44-0)		
LD50 oral rat	> 10000 mg/kg	
Sulfur (7704-34-9)		
LD50 oral rat	> 3000 mg/kg	
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg	
LC50 inhalation rat	> 9.23 mg/l/4h	





Phosphorus (7723-14-0)		
LD50 oral rat	3030 µg/kg	
LD50 dermal rat	100 mg/kg	
LC50 inhalation rat	4.3 mg/l (Exposure time: 1 h)	
ATE US (oral)	3.03 mg/kg body weight	
ATE US (dermal)	100 mg/kg body weight	
ATE US (vapors)	4.3 mg/l/4h	
ATE US (dust, mist)	4.3 mg/l/4h	
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Respiratory or skin sensitization	 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction. 	
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer.	
Iron oxide (1309-37-1)		
	3 - Not classifiable	
Chromium (7440-47-3)	2 Not close fields	
	3 - NOL Classifiable	
Nickel (7440-02-0)		
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans	
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen	
In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list	Yes	
Cobalt (7440-48-4)		
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans	
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Evidence of Carcinogenicity, Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen	
In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list	Yes	
Reproductive toxicity	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Aspiration hazard	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Dust and fumes may cause respiratory tract irritation. Inhalation of dusts and fumes can cause metal fume fever. Symptoms can include a metallic or sweet taste in the mouth, sweating, shivering, headache, throat irritation, fever, chills, thirstiness, muscle aches, nausea, vomiting, weakness, fatigue, and shortness of breath. Welding, torch cutting, brazing, or grinding of chromium metal present in this product may generate airborne concentrations of hexavalent chromium.	
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: May cause skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin. May cause sensitization by skin contact. Risk of thermal burns on contact with molten product.	
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: May cause eye irritation. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with possible redness and swelling.	
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed. May cause stomach distress, nausea or vomiting.	
Symptoms after chronic exposure	: Excessive and repeated overexposure of nickel and chromium can cause various forms of dermatitis, inflammation and/or ulceration of upper respiratory tract. Both chromium and nickel have been associated with upper respiratory cancer. Excessive and repeated overexposure of iron fumes can cause siderosis. Excessive and prolonged inhalation of manganese fumes can cause bronchitis, pneumonitis, and lack of coordination.	

SECTI	ON 12: Ecological information	
12.1.	Toxicity	
Ecology	general	: May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.





Nickel (7440-02-0)		
LC50 fish 1	> 100 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Brachydanio rerio)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 100 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)	
LC50 fish 2	1.3 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Cyprinus carpio [semi-static])	
EC50 Daphnia 2	1 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])	
Copper (7440-50-8)		
LC50 fish 1	0.0068 - 0.0156 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	0.03 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])	
LC50 fish 2	< 0.3 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])	
Cobalt (7440-48-4)		
LC50 fish 1	> 100 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Brachydanio rerio [static])	
Sulfur (7704-34-9)		
LC50 fish 1	866 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Brachydanio rerio [static])	
LC50 fish 2	< 14 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])	
Phosphorus (7723-14-0)		
LC50 fish 1	0.0017 - 0.0035 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [flow-through])	
EC50 Daphnia 1	0.03 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)	
LC50 fish 2	0.001 - 0.004 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])	
EC50 Daphnia 2	0.025 - 0.037 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])	
12.2 Persistence and degradability		
Cobalt Base Allovs		
Persistence and degradability	Not established	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential		
Cobalt Base Alloys	Mart	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.	
Cobalt (7440-48-4)		
BCF fish 1	(no bioaccumulation)	
Phosphorus (7723-14-0)		
BCF fish 1	< 200	
12.4. Mobility in soil		
No additional information available.		
12.5. Other adverse effects		
Other information	: No other effects known.	
SECTION 13: Disposal consideration	S	
13.1. Waste treatment methods		
Waste disposal recommendations	: This material must be disposed of in accordance with all local, state, provincial, and federal regulations. The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible.	
SECTION 14: Transport information		
Department of Transportation (DOT)		
In accordance with DOT		
As shipped, not regulated for transport		
Additional information		
Other information	: No supplementary information available.	
Special transport precautions	: Do not nanole until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	



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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.

Cobalt (7440-48-4)		
Regulations	SARA 313	
Chromium (7440-47-3)		
Regulations	CAA, CWA, SARA 313, SDWA, CERCLA, RCRA	
Nickel (7440-02-0)		
Regulations	CAA, CWA, SARA 313, CERCLA, SDWA, RCRA	
Copper (7440-50-8)		
Regulations	CWA, CERCLA, SDWA, SARA 313	
Vanadium (7440-62-2)		
Regulations	SARA 313, CERCLA, SDWA, RCRA	
Manganese (7439-96-5)		
Regulations	SARA 313, CAA, CERCLA, SDWA	
Aluminum (7429-90-5)		
Regulations	SDWA, SARA 313	
Phosphorus (7723-14-0)		
Regulations	CAA, CWA, SARA 313, CERCLA, SDWA	
Regulations Key - SARA Potential Hazard Categories: Immediate Acute Health Hazard; Delayed Chronic Health Hazard		
CAA	Clean Air Act (42 USC Sec. 7412; 40 CFR Part 61 [As of: 8/18/06])	
CERCLA	Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (42 USC secs. 9601 (14), 9603(a); 40 CFR Sec. 302.4, Table 302.4 and App. A)	
CWA	Clean Water Act (33 USC Secs. 1311; 1314(b), (c), (e), (g); 136(b), (c); 137(b), (c) [as of 8/2/06])	
RCRA	Resource Conservation Recovery Act (42 USC Sec. 6921; 40 CFR Part 261 App VIII)	
SARA	Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Title III Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances (42 USC secs. 11023, 13106; 40 CFR Sec. 372.65) and Section 313 Toxic Chemicals (42 USC secs. 11023, 13106; 40 CFR sec. 372.65 [as of 6/30/05])	
SDWA	Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. s/s 300f et seq. [1974])	
TSCA	Toxic Substance Control Act (15 U.S.C. s/s 2601 et seq. [1976])	

15.2. US State of California Regulations

WARNING:

This product can expose you to Nickel, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

SECTION 16: Other information	
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